\*\*Note: There is a new posting for paras with this policy

# Lisbon School District

15 Newent Road Lisbon, CT 06351

4152.6/4252.6

#### Personnel - Certified/Non-Certified

#### **Personal Leaves**

## **Family and Medical Leave Act**

The Board will provide leave to eligible employees consistent with the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (FMLA) as amended and the Family Medical Leave Act as part of the National Defense Authorization Acts of 2008 and for Fiscal Year 2010 (which expanded certain leave to military families and veterans for specific circumstances) and 2013 Final Rules. Eligible employees (employment for at least one-year and at least 1,250 hours actually worked in the twelve month period immediately preceding the commencement of the leave) are entitled to up to 12 work weeks of unpaid family and medical leave in a fiscal year July through June. The employee must use their accrued sick, vacation, and personal times concurrently with the FMLA leave. The district will allow employees to save up to five accrued days of sick leave in their bank for future use. The District will continue to pay the district's share of the employee's health benefits during the leave. In addition, the District will restore the employee to the same or an equivalent position with equivalent benefits, pay and other conditions of employment, after the termination of the leave in accordance with Board policy and collective bargaining agreements.

Paraprofessionals are also eligible to benefits equal to those under the federal FMLA if such paraprofessional was employed for at least one year and for at least 950 hours over the previous twelve month period preceding the commencement of the leave. A paraprofessional is defined as a school employee who performs duties that are instructional in nature or delivers either direct or indirect services to students and/or parents and serves in a position for which a teacher has ultimate responsibility for the design and implementation of educational programs and services.

Eligible employees are entitled to take unpaid leave for a covered family member's service in the Armed Forces, for any one or for a combination of the following reasons:

- A "qualifying exigency" as defined by Department of Labor regulations arising out of a covered family member's covered active duty or call to covered active duty (including as a member of the National Guard or Reserves) in the Armed Forces including deployment to a foreign country or to international waters;
- To care for a covered family member who has incurred an injury or illness in the line of duty while on covered active duty in the Armed Forces (including as a member of the National Guard or Reserves) provided that such duty or illness may render the family member medically unfit to perform duties of the member's office, grade, rank or rating: and/or
- To care for a covered family member who is a veteran who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation or therapy for a service related illness or injury that was incurred or aggravated while on active duty and manifested itself before or after the member became a veteran, within five years after a veteran leaves service; and/or
- To care for a parent of a military member called to active duty provided the military member is the spouse, (including same-sex marriages), parent or child of the employee.

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### Personnel - Certified/Non-Certified

#### **Personal Leaves**

### Family and Medical Leave Act (continued)

When leave is due to a "qualifying exigency" of a service member, an eligible employee may take up to 12 work weeks of leave during the 12 month period of July 1<sup>st</sup> through June 30<sup>th</sup>. When such leave is to care for an injured or ill service member, an eligible employee may take up to 26 work weeks of leave during the 12 month period of July 1<sup>st</sup> through June 30<sup>th</sup> to care for the service member. Leave to care for an injured or ill service member, when combined with other FMLA-qualifying leave, may not exceed 26 weeks in said 12 month period. The employee must use their accrued sick, vacation, and personal times concurrently with the FMLA leave. The district will allow employees to save up to five accrued days of sick leave in their bank for future use.

Employees will not be deprived of any employment benefits accrued before taking FMLA leave.

The District will maintain health insurance benefits at the same basis as is provided to other similarly situated employees. Conversely, employees on FMLA leave are not entitled to accrue any seniority or benefits during the leave unless determined otherwise due to a collective bargaining agreement. When an employee returns from FMLA leave, benefits will be resumed in the same manner as provided prior to taking the leave, subject to any changes in benefit levels that may have occurred during the FMLA leave period and which affect the entire work force. Leave available for eligible employees under FMLA is not intended to supplement leave otherwise provided to such employees.

In complying with the FMLA, the District will adhere to the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act as well as other applicable federal and state laws.

The Board, in compliance with state statute, shall provide to its employees who are a party to a civil union with the same family and medical leave benefits under the federal Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) as are provided to employees who are party to a marriage. The term "marriage" includes a same-sex marriage that is legally recognized in Connecticut. In addition, the Board shall allow its employees leave time under this policy to serve as organ or bone marrow donors.

The District, in compliance with FMLA's regulations, will post and keep posted on its premises, in conspicuous places where employees are employed, a notice explaining the provisions of the FMLA and providing information concerning the procedures for filing complaints of violations of the Act. Electronic posting may be utilized.

(cf. 4118.14 - Disabilities) (cf. 4151.2 - Family Illness) (cf. 4152.3 - Maternity; Adoptive; Child Care)

Legal Reference: P.L. 103-3 and 29 CFR Part 825 - The Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended by H.R. 4986, the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008, Section 585. 29 U.S.C. §2601 et seq. and the National Defense Authorization act for Fiscal Year 2010, Public Law 111-84, section 565, Title V

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## Personnel - Certified/Non-Certified

#### **Personal Leaves**

### Family and Medical Leave Act (continued)

Final Rule - published in Federal Register, Vol. 60, Nov. 4, Friday, January 6, 1995, as amended on February 3, 1995, March 30, 1995, and on November 17, 2008. Rules and Regulations (29 CFR Part 825).

Final Rule - published in Federal Register, Vol. 78, Wed. February 6, 2013

**Connecticut General Statutes** 

46b-38oo Applicability of statutes to civil unions and parties to a civil union. PA 07-245 An Act Concerning Family and Medical Leave for Municipal Employee

PA 07-245 An Act Concerning Family and Medical Leave for Municipal Employees PA 12-43 An Act Concerning Family and Medical Leave Benefits for Certain Municipal Employees United States v. Windsor, U.S. 133 S. Ct. 2675 (2013)

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Appendix 4152.6/4252.6

### Personnel - Certified/Non-Certified

#### Personal Leaves

## **Family and Medical Leave Act**

# Posting Notice for FMLA Leave for Paraprofessionals

#### **Basic Leave Entitlement**

FMLA requires covered employers to provide up to 12 weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave to eligible employees for the following reasons:

- For incapacity due to pregnancy, prenatal medical care or child birth;
- To care for the employee's child after birth, or placement for adoption or foster care;
- To care for the employee's spouse, son or daughter, or parent, who has a serious health condition; or
- For a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the employee's job.

### **Military Family Leave Entitlements**

Eligible employees with a spouse, son, daughter, or parent on active duty or call to active duty status in the National Guard or Reserves in support of a contingency operation may use their 12-week leave entitlement to address certain qualifying exigencies. Qualifying exigencies may include attending certain military events, arranging for alternative childcare, addressing certain financial and legal arrangements, attending certain counseling sessions, and attending post deployment reintegration briefings.

FMLA also includes a special leave entitlement that permits eligible employees to take up to 12 weeks of leave to care for a covered service member during a fiscal year (July – June). A covered service member is a current member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who has a serious injury or illness incurred in the line of duty on active duty that may render the service member medically unfit to perform his or her duties for which the service member is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; or is in outpatient status; or is on the temporary disability retired list.

#### **Benefits and Protections**

During FMLA leave, the employer must maintain the employee's health coverage under any "group health plan" on the same terms as if the employee had continued to work. Upon return from FMLA leave, most employees must be restored to their original or equivalent positions with equivalent pay, benefits, and other employment terms. Use of FMLA leave cannot result in the loss of any employment benefit that accrued prior to the start of an employee's leave.

#### **Eligibility Requirements**

Employees are eligible if they have worked for a political subdivision for at least one year and for 950 hours over the previous 12 months.

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#### Personnel - Certified/Non-Certified

Personal Leaves

# Family and Medical Leave Act

# Posting Notice for FMLA Leave for Paraprofessionals

#### **Definition of Serious Health Condition**

A serious health condition is an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves either an overnight stay in a medical care facility, or continuing treatment by a health care provider for a condition that either prevents the employee from performing the functions of the employee's job, or prevents the qualified family member from participating in school or other daily activities.

Subject to certain conditions, the continuing treatment requirement may be met by a period of incapacity of more than 3 consecutive calendar days combined with at least two visits to a health care provider or one visit and a regimen of continuing treatment, or incapacity due to pregnancy, or incapacity due to a chronic condition. Other conditions may meet the definition of continuing treatment.

#### Use of Leave

An employee does not need to use this leave entitlement in one block. Leave can be taken intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule when medically necessary. Employees must make reasonable efforts to schedule leave for planned medical treatment so as not to unduly disrupt the employer's operations. Leave due to qualifying exigencies may also be taken on an intermittent basis.

#### **Substitution of Paid Leave for Unpaid Leave**

Employees may choose or employers may require use of accrued paid leave while taking FMLA leave. In order to use paid leave for FMLA leave, employees must comply with the employer's normal paid leave policies,

#### **Employee Responsibilities**

Employees must provide 30 days advance notice of the need to take FMLA leave when the need is foreseeable. When 30 days' notice is not possible, the employee must provide notice as soon as practicable and generally must comply with an employer's normal call-in procedure. Employees must provide sufficient information for the employer to determine if the leave may qualify for FMLA protection and the anticipated timing and duration of the leave. Sufficient information may include that the employee is unable to perform job functions, the family member is unable to perform daily activities, the need for hospitalization or continuing treatment by a health care provider, or circumstances supporting the need for military family leave.

Employees also must inform the employer if the requested leave is for a reason for which FMLS leave was previously taken or certified. Employees also may be required to provide a certification and periodic recertification supporting the need for leave.

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#### Personnel - Certified/Non-Certified

#### Personal Leaves

### **Family and Medical Leave Act**

# **Posting Notice for FMLA Leave for Paraprofessionals**

#### **Employer Responsibilities**

Covered employers must inform employees requesting leave whether they are eligible under FMLA. If they are, the notice must specify any additional information required as well as the employees' rights and responsibilities. If they are not eligible, the employer must provide a reason for the ineligibility.

Covered employers must inform employees if leave will be designated as FMLA-protected and the amount of leave counted against the employee's leave entitlement. If the employer determines that the leave is not FMLA-protected, the employer must notify the employee.

## **Unlawful Acts by Employers**

FMLA makes it unlawful for any employer to:

- Interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of any right provided under FMLA;
- Discharge or discriminate against any person for opposing any practice made unlawful by FMLA or for involvement in any proceeding under or relating to FMLA.

#### **Enforcement**

An employee may file a complaint with the Connecticut Department of Labor. FMLA does not affect any Federal or State law prohibiting discrimination, or supersede any State or local law or collective bargaining agreement which provides greater family or medical leave.

Sections 31-51r through 31-51w of the Connecticut General Statutes (An Act Concerning Family and Medical Leave Benefits for Certain Municipal Employees)